Arranger Documentation

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Introduction

1.1 What is Arranger?

Arranger is a collection of reusable components for creating centric search portals with Elasticsearch. Arranger consists of the

- Arranger Search API provides a layer that sits above your Elasticsearch cluster to expose a data-model aware GraphQL API, generated from your own Elasticsearch index mapping.
- Arranger Components provides a rich set of UI components that are configured to speak to the search API.
- Arranger Admin provides the API and UI for configuring the search API and content management for the search portal.

Arranger is one of many products provided by Overture and is completely open-source and free for everyone to use.

See also:

For additional information on other products in the Overture stack, please visit https://overture.bio

1.2 Features

- GraphQL API for query flexibility.
- SQON query filter notation balances between human-interpretability and machine-readability to simply search.
- Admin UI for API configuration and content management.
- Configuration import and export for easy migration.

1.3 License

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Getting Started

The easiest way to understand Arranger, is to simply use it!

Below is a description of how to get Arranger quickly up and running, as well as a description of how Arranger works and some important terms.

2.1 Quick Start

The goal of this quick start is to get a working application quickly up and running.

Using Docker:

- 1. Download the latest version of Arranger.
- 2. From the Arranger root directory, run docker-compose:

\$ docker-compose up -d

Arranger should now be deployed locally.

Alternatively, see the Installation instructions.

2.2 How Arranger Works

1. Starting with some Elasticsearch (ES) indices with mappings.

- Arranger makes no assumption about your data model.
- · Model your index mappings and index them.
- For demo convenience, you can follow a tutorial bellow to index some test data from our Kids First project.

See also:

The Overture software suite also provides Maestro for indexing genomic data to ES

2. Create an API version for your project from Arranger Admin.

- From your browser, navigate to http://localhost:8080
- Click "Add Project"
- Input your project id in snake_case
- Click "Add Index" for each index you want to expose from ES, with the following fields:
 - "Name": any name for your index, in camelCase
 - "ES Index": the index that you want to expose
 - "ES Type": the type that you want to expose
- Click "Add" once finalized.
- Navigate into your newly registered project's configuration and ensure that "Has Mapping" is "yes" for all indices registered.
- Configure your project from the API and click "Save" to save as a new project.

3. View your data in a portal.

- From a UI:
 - Go to http://localhost:8081/?selectedKind=Portal.
 - Select your project and index from the dropdown.
 - Note: a production-ready white-label portal using UI components provided by Arranger is in our roadmap for Arranger.
- From the GraphQL API:
 - Each Arranger project created through the Admin system in step 2 creates a new Graphql endpoint.
 - Start a GraphQL IDE (such as GraphiQL or GraphQL Playground
 - Point your IDE to http://localhost:5050/<project_id>/graphql to explore the API schema (where <project_id> is the project id you have input in step 2).
 - For documentation regarding this API, check out the Arranger for Application Developers guide

2.3 Architecture



2.4 Indexing Demo Data

- From your browser, visit the locally running Kibana at http://localhost:5601 and go to Dev Tools
- Creating a file_centric index:
 - Run these commands to create a file_centric index and add a mapping then these commands to index some demo documents into the index
 - Run these commands to create a participant_centric index and add a mapping then these commands to index some demo documents into the index
- You can run GET file_centric/_mapping and GET participant_centric/_mapping to confirm that the mapping has been created successfully

Arranger for Administrators

3.1 Tutorial

To administer Arranger, the admin must:

1. Install Arranger.

View the installation instructions.

2. Have an Elasticsearch mapping and data indexed to search.

View the Indexing Demo Data for a demo setup.

3. Admin registers the indices with arranger through the admin UI and apply configurations.

3.2 Using the Admin UI

The arranger UI reflects the following pseudo entity relationship:



1) Projects:

Project versions

Project ID	Index Counts	Created	Export configurations	Delete
project1	2	2019-05-16T19:49:03.429Z	Export	Delete
project2	2	2019-05-16T19:49:33.725Z	Export	Delete
Add Project				

This page lists the available projects and provides an interface for registering new projects Available functionalities:

- Adding a new project
- Removing existing project
- Export configuration data (exported data can then be imported into new projects to migrate data).

Clicking on a project id will navigate to that project's list of indices.

2) Indices:

Arranger project: project1			Save Project Cancel
Name (aka graphqlField)	ES index	ES type	has mapping
participant	participant_centric	participant_centric	yes
file	file_centric	file_centric	yes

This page lists the indices registered to Arranger under the selected project.

Clicking on an index name will navigate to the configuration page for the index. The following configurations are available:

a) Fields configurations

Fields	Aggs Panel	Table	Quick S	earch		
Field filter	r Type	Is active	ls array	ls primary key	Quicksearcl enabled	Field: acl
Fields ((157)					Display Name
acl						Aggregation Type
availabi	lity					keyword 🗸
controll	ed_access					Antivo
created	_at					
data_ty	pe					
experim	nent_strategies					
externa	l_id					
file_form	nat					
file_nam	ne					
instrum	ent_models					
is_harm	onized					

This lists all fields available in the index and allows configuration of Arranger metadata for these fields, including:

- Display Name: how the field should be displayed to user.
- **Aggregation Type**: lets the search portal know how to display aggregation filters for the field.
- Active: this field is **DEPRECATED**
- Quicksearch enabled: whether the field is enabled for quicksearch using the @arranger/components's QuickSearch component.

- Is primary key: check if the field is the unique identifier for the index's main entity.
- Is array: check if the field is an array. Elasticsearch's mapping does not specify this information.

For convenience, filtering on the fields can be done through the inputs above the header.

b) Facet panel configurations

Fields	Aggs Panel	Table Quick Search				
Field filt	er		Active	Show		•
=	Position aff	fected_status		2	Active	Shown
=	Position alia	as_group		2	Active	Shown
=	Position av	ailable_data_types		2	Active	Shown
=	Position bio	ospecimensage_at_event_da	ys		Active	Shown
=	Position bio	ospecimens_analyte_type			Active	Shown
=	Position bio	ospecimens_composition		2	Active	Shown
=	Position bio	ospecimens_concentration_m	ıg_per_mi		Active	Shown

This lists all available aggregations on the fields mentioned. On Arranger's default portal UI, this list is rendered as a facet panel. Each entry on Supported configurations:

- Ordering the facets: drag the facet on its "hamberger menu icon" to place the facet at the desired position. Alternatively, the position can also be set through the select menu beside the icon.
- Shown: displays the facet in the portal's facet panel.
- Active: enables this facet for search. An *Active* facet will appear in the *Advanced*-*FacetView* component in @*arranger/components*. Only facets that are both *Active* and *Shown* will be shown in the portal's facet panel.

c) Data table configurations

Fields	Aggs Panel	Table Quick Search						
Field			Shown	•	Sortable			•
≡	Position 0 🗸	affected_status				Active	Default 🗹	Sortable
=	Position	alias_group			l	Active	Default 🗹	Sortable
=	Position	available_data_types				Active	Default 🗹	Sortable
=	Position	biospecimens.age_at_ev	ent_days			Active	Default 🗌	Sortable
=	Position	biospecimens.analyte_ty	/pe			Active	Default 🗌	Sortable
=	Position	biospecimens.compositi	on			Active	Default 🗌	Sortable
=	Position 6	biospecimens.concentra	ntion_mg_per_ml			Active	Default 🗌	Sortable

This contains configuration for the data table in the default portal. Each entry in the list represents a column in the data table. Available configurations:

- Column order: positioning can be done by dragging or using the select, similar to the facet panel.
- Active: enables this column to be viewed in the table. Does not show by default.
- Default: shows this column by default. Can only be checked if Active is checked.
- **Sortable**: enables sorting of the table on this field.

d) Quick search configurations

Fields Aggs Panel Table Quick Search							
Active	Fields (8)	participant					
	participant						
	Biospecimens						
	Diagnoses	participant					
	Family Family Compositions	Active					
	Family Family Compositions Family Members	Key Field					
	Family Family Compositions Family Members Diagnoses	Select	•				
	Files						
	Files Sequencing Experiments	Search Fields					
		Select	•				

This contains configuration for the portal's quick-search feature, which allows users to filter indexed entities by text. Currently, Arranger only supports exact match on quicksearch, but free-text search is in our roadmap to support. This feature can be exposed to end-users throught the *QuickSearch* UI component from *@arranger/components*.

Only entities (in other words, the root object and its "nested" fields in Elasticsearch) are available for quick search.

Available configurations:

- **Display Name**: the name to display this field as.
- Active: check to enable search for this entity.
- Key Field: the unique field that identifies each instance of this entity.
- Search Field: the properties of the entity to enable search on.

Arranger for Application Developers

Arranger comes in individual pieces that can be flexibly composed together to meet your application's needs. These include:

- @arranger/server: the main server-side application
- @arranger/components: UI components used for building end-user facing applications
- @arranger/admin: the server-side admin Graphql API
- @arranger/admin-ui: the UI interface as described in the Arranger for Administrators guide.

Additionally, some packages that are used internally are also published. These include:

- @arranger/schema: contains the Graphql schema generated and served by @arranger/server.
- @arranger/mapping-utils: contains utility functions used for computing / interpreting elasticsearch mappings and Arranger metadata about the mappings.
- @arranger/middleware: responsible for translating SQON and aggregation parameters from the @arranger/server to elasticsearch queries and aggregations.

4.1 Server-side

On the server side, @arranger/server and @arranger/admin are the relevant packages.

Some prerequisit:

- Elasticsearch version 6.6.1 running.
- Kibana version 6.6.1 (optional)
- NodeJs version 10

There are multiple ways to get up and running with Arranger on the server-side:

- 1) Running a stand-alone all-in-one instance:
 - Using Docker:

- 1) The latest arranger server image is available on Dockerhub
- 2) Alternatively, you may build an image using the *Dockerfile.server* file from the Arranger source
- Running with Node:
 - 1) Clone the Arranger repo: git clone git@github. com:overture-stack/arranger.git
 - 2) Navigate to the directory: cd arranger
 - 3) Install dependencies: npm ci && npm run bootstrap
 - 4) Navigate to the modules/server directory: cd modules/server
 - 5) Start the server: npm start

This will start an instance of @arranger/server on port 5050.

By default, this bundle also comes with the admin API from @arranger/admin serverd at / admin/api. From your browser, navigate to http://localhost:5050/admin/graphql to explore this API

Limitation of this approach: the API from @arranger/admin is **not** meant to be exposed to end-users, hence also **not horizontally scalable**. For the second a production-ready setup, please use the next option:

- 2) Running with custom express apps:
 - Example search app (horizontally scalable):

```
import express from 'express';
import Arranger from '@arranger/server';
const PORT = 9000
Arranger({
  esHost: "http://localhost:9200"
}).then(router => {
    const app = express();
    app.use(router);
    app.listen(PORT, () => {
        console.log(` search API listening on port ${PORT} `)
    })
})
```

• Example admin app (single instance):

```
import express from "express";
import adminGraphql from "@arranger/admin/dist";
const PORT = 8000
adminGraphql({
   esHost: "http://localhost:9200"
}).then(adminApp => {
   const app = express();
   adminApp.applyMiddleware({
        app,
        path: "/admin"
   });
```

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```
app.listen(PORT, () => {
    console.log(` Admin API listening on port ${PORT} `)
})
```

Both applications should be interacting with the same Elasticsearch instance. Since they are two separate applications, they can be scaled separately, with separate authentication and authorization rules.

4.2 Browser-side

On the browser side, @*arranger/admin-ui* and @*arranger/components* are the relevant packages. Both packages are both written in React, hence we recommend using React for your application for the most seamless integration.

• @*arranger/admin-ui*: This package provides the admin interface that is documented in the Arranger for administrator section.

Integration with your React app:

- 1) Install the package: npm i @arranger/admin-ui
- 2) Integrate into your app:

Configurations:

- basename: tells ArrangerAdmin to treat /admin as the root path for client-side routing.
- apiRoot: tells ArrangerAdmin to communicate with back-end API hosted at http://localhost:8000
- fetcher: allows specifying custom data fetcher to use, this is usefull for integrating custom client-side loggins / authorization logics. fetcher must implment the Fetch API.
- @*arranger/components*: This package provides UI components that are pre-configured to work with the @*arranger/server* API. To explore the components this package provide, follow the steps bellow:
 - 1) Clone the Arranger repo: git clone git@github.com:overture-stack/arranger.git
 - 2) Navigate to the directory: cd arranger
 - 3) Install dependencies: npm ci && npm run bootstrap
 - 4) Navigate to the modules/components directory: cd modules/components
 - 5) Start the Storybook server: npm run storybook

A basic repo UI can be found at: arranger/modules/components/stories/Portal.js

SQON Filters

Arranger uses a custom JSON object format for filtering that is called SQON (pronounced like "Scone"). SQON provides a flexible system for combining many different filters.

A SQON object consists of nested objects of two types: Operations and Values.

Operation objects apply boolean logic to a list of operation objects. They are of the form:

Combination Operation (aka, Boolean Operation) which groups one or more filters

```
"op":"", //Operation to apply to content ["and", "or", "not"]

"content":[] //List of Operation objects that the boolean operation will_

→apply to
```

OR

{

Field Operation that applies to a filter to Value Object

```
"op":"", //Operation to apply to content ["in", "<=", ">="]
"content":{} //Value object specifying the field and list of values that_
the field must be "in" or "not-in"
}
```

Value objects specify a list the field name and values for it that the wrapping. This filter can specify to include or exclude fields with any of the listed values. It will have the following format:

```
"field":"", //name of the field this operation applies to
    "value":[] //List of values for the field if using the "in" operation, or a_
    scalar value for ">=" and "<=" operations</pre>
```

The top level of a SQON must always be a Combination Operation, even if only a single filter is being applied.

5.1 Sample

{

}

```
op: "and",
content: [
 {
    op: "or",
    content: [
     {
       op: "in",
       content: {
         field: "id",
         value: ["id123"]
       }
      }
    ]
 },
 {
   op: "in",
   content: {
    field: "id",
     value: ["id123"]
   }
 }
]
```

Installation

6.1 Coming Soon

Architecture

Coming Soon

CHAPTER $\mathbf{8}$

Technology Stack

8.1 Coming Soon

Chapter 9

Contributing to the Arranger Project

Coming Soon

Contribute

If you'd like to contribute to this project, it's hosted on github. See https://github.com/overture-stack/arranger

10.1 Indices and tables

- genindex
- search